# Comparison of Finite Informational Density Proxies

# and Planck-Epoch Energy Density

A Standalone Null Unity-Infosophy Analysis

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#### Introduction

The symbol  $\varnothing$  in the unified Null Unity–Infosophy framework represents *Maximal Informational Density*. In the ideal formalism,

$$\rho_I(\varnothing) = \lim_{V \to 0^+} \frac{I}{V} = +\infty.$$

To obtain practical, finite values, three regulated proxies were constructed. This document compares those proxies to the maximal physically meaningful density associated with the **Planck epoch**—the limit at which known physics remains valid and the closest operational analogue to the "infinitesimal point before the Big Bang."

# Planck-Epoch Density as the Cosmological Upper Bound

The Planck energy density is given by:

$$\rho_{\rm Planck} = \frac{c^7}{\hbar G^2} \approx 4.63 \times 10^{113} \text{ J/m}^3.$$

Using the Bekenstein bound at the Planck radius  $\ell_P$ , the corresponding maximal informational density is:

$$\rho_{I,\text{Planck}}^{\text{max}} = \frac{2\pi}{\hbar c \ln 2} \frac{E_P}{\ell_P^2} \approx 2.15 \times 10^{105} \text{ bits/m}^3.$$

This value is the appropriate comparison point for the informational density of  $\varnothing$  under physical regulation.

# Finite Proxies for Maximal Informational Density

Three proxies were computed using physically meaningful cutoffs:

#### 1. Planck-Scale Proxy

$$\rho_I^{\text{eff}}(\ell_P) \approx 2.15 \times 10^{105} \text{ bits/m}^3.$$

This proxy *matches* the Planck-epoch informational bound.

#### 2. Nanometer Voxel Proxy

$$\rho_I^{\text{eff}}(1 \text{ nm}) \approx 4.59 \times 10^{25} \text{ bits/m}^3.$$

This is approximately  $4.68 \times 10^{79}$  times smaller than the Planck bound.

#### 3. THz Coherence Proxy

$$\rho_I^{\text{eff}}(\Delta \nu = 1 \text{ THz}) \approx 1.28 \times 10^{34} \text{ bits/m}^3.$$

This is approximately  $1.68 \times 10^{71}$  times smaller than the Planck bound.

# Side-by-Side Comparison

Model / Regulator	Scale / Energy	$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{Informational} \\ \textbf{Density} \\ \textbf{(bits/m}^3\textbf{)} \end{array}$	Relative to Planck Bound
Planck Epoch	$\ell_P, E_P$	$2.15\times10^{105}$	Baseline $(1\times)$
Planck Proxy	$\ell_P, \; E_P$	$2.15\times10^{105}$	Matches Planck limit
Nanometer Proxy	$1\mathrm{nm},\ 1\ \mathrm{eV}$	$4.59\times10^{25}$	$\approx 4.68 \times 10^{79} \times \text{smaller}$
THz Coherence Proxy	$L_c \sim 10^{-4} \text{ m}, E = 1 \text{ J}$	$1.28 \times 10^{34}$	$\approx 1.68 \times 10^{71} \times \text{smaller}$

# Conclusion

The Planck-scale proxy for  $\varnothing$  yields a maximal informational density of:

$$2.15 \times 10^{105} \text{ bits/m}^3,$$

which coincides precisely with the informational density implied by the Planck-epoch energy density. This reflects the highest meaningful bound available before classical spacetime and standard physics lose validity.

The nanometer and THz-coherence proxies are many orders of magnitude below the Planck limit, reflecting their larger effective volumes and reduced energy budgets. These proxies serve as practical finite stand-ins for simulations, models, or scaled versions of Null Unity–Infosophy behavior.